

TA057

25 MHz ±1400 V Differential Probe

User's Manual

This probe complies with IEC-1010.1, IEC-1010.2-031 CAT III, Pollution Degree 2.

1. Safety terms and symbols

Terms appearing in this manual:



WARNING	Warning statements identify conditions or practices	
	that could result in injury or death.	



CAUTION	Caution statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.

Symbols appearing on the product:



Danger High Voltage



Protective (Earth) Terminal



Attention Refer to Manual



2. General safety summary

Please review the following safety precautions to avoid injury and prevent damage to this probe or any products that are connected to it.

Observe maximum working voltage

To avoid any injury, do not use the probe above 1000 V RMS CAT III between each input lead and earth or between the two input leads. This voltage rating applies to both the 1/20 and 1/200 settings.

Must be grounded

This probe is grounded with the shell of the BNC connector and an auxiliary grounding terminal.



WARNING

Before making connections to the input leads of this probe, ensure that its output lead is grounded. You may do this either by connecting the BNC shell to a grounded measurement instrument, or by connecting the auxiliary grounding terminal to a reliable ground point. Read the next paragraph for further advice.

You must verify that the probe is securely grounded before connecting the probe input leads. Some types of measuring instrument, such as a USB oscilloscope connected to a laptop, are unlikely to be grounded even if the laptop is powered from the mains. Bench-top oscilloscopes are usually grounded, but in some cases may have been isolated from ground. A USB oscilloscope connected to a desktop computer is usually grounded. In any case, do not assume that the measurement instrument is grounded. Always verify the ground connection for yourself before connecting the probe input leads.

Use fused test prods if necessary

If this probe is intended to use for measurements in circuits of INSTALLATION CATEGORY III, it should incorporate with fused test prods.

Do not operate without covers

To avoid electric shock or fire hazard, do not operate this probe with the covers removed.

Do not operate in wet or damp conditions

To avoid electric shock, do not operate this probe in wet or damp conditions.

Do not operate in explosive atmosphere

To avoid injury or fire hazard, do not operate this probe in an explosive atmosphere.

Avoid exposed circuitry



To avoid injury, remove jewelry such as rings, watches and other metallic objects. Do not touch exposed connections and components when power is present.

Use proper power source

To ensure proper functioning of this probe, use four AA cells or a 6 V DC / 60 mA mains adaptor or regulated 9 V DC / 40 mA mains adaptor or power lead.

Do not operate the probe if it is damaged

If you suspect there is damage to this probe, have it inspected by qualified service personnel.

3. Description

By enabling conventional oscilloscopes to display and measure in-circuit waveforms that are referenced to high common-mode voltages, this differential probe extends the measurement capability of oscilloscopes to electronic power converters, inverters, motor speed controls, switch mode power supplies, and many other applications.

4. Installation

- a. Simply plug in the BNC output connector to the vertical input of a general-purpose oscilloscope or other measurement instrument, and connect the auxiliary grounding terminal to a proper ground. The measurement instrument must have a ground reference.
- b. Install four AA cells or connect an appropriate power source to the probe.
- c. Select the proper attenuation ratio. When measuring signals below 140 V, switch the attenuation ratio to 1/20 in order to get higher resolution and less noise. Otherwise, set the attenuation to 1/200.



WARNING	To protect against electric shock, use only the accessories designed for use with this differential
	probe.

d. Using the appropriate probe accessories, connect the input to the circuits under measurement.

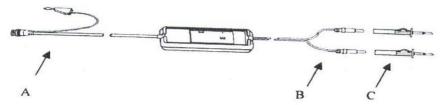


CAUTION	This probe is designed for carrying out differential measurements between two points on the circuit under test. It is not intended for electrically insulating the circuit under test and the measuring instrument.
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5. Appearance

The differential probe looks like this:



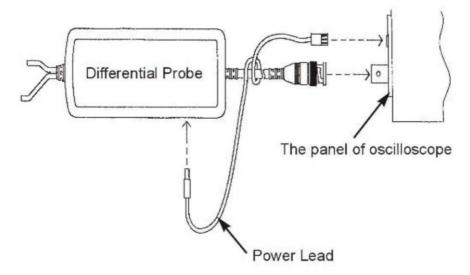
- a. Output Cable. The BNC output connector and an auxiliary grounding terminal are connected to the oscilloscope.
- b. Input Leads. The input leads of the differential probe connect to sprung hooks that come with the probe.
- c. Sprung Hooks. The sprung hooks are connected safely to test points in circuits under measurement.



6. Power leads

Two types of power leads are available for use with this instrument:

- a. Lemo[®] Lead: For oscilloscopes with Lemo[®] power connectors.
- b. Probus[®] Lead: For oscilloscopes with Probus[®] power connectors.





7. Specifications

Bandwidth	DC to 25 MHz (-3 dB)			
Attenuation ratio	1:20/200			
Accuracy	±2%			
Rise time	14 ns			
Input Impedance	4 M Ω // 5.5 pF each side to ground			
Input Voltage				
Differential Range*	±140 V (DC+Peak AC) or 140 V RMS @ 1/20 ±1400 V (DC+Peak AC) or 1000 V RMS @ 1/200			
Common Mode Range*	±1400 V (DC+Peak AC) or 1000V RMS @ 1/20 and 1/200			
Absolute Max. Voltage* (Differential or common mode)	±1400 V (DC+Peak AC) or 1000 V RMS CAT III @ 1/20 and 1/200			
Output				
Max. amplitude	±7 V into 50 kΩ load			
Offset (typical)	< ±5 mV			
Noise (typical)	0.7 mV rms			
Source impedance (typical)	1 Ω @ 1 kHz, 8 Ω @ 1 MHz			
CMRR (typical)	-80 dB @ 50 Hz; -60 dB @ 20 kHz			
Ambient operating temperature	-10 to +40 °C			
Ambient storage temperature	-30 to +70 °C			
Ambient operating humidity	25 to 85% RH			
Ambient storage humidity	25 to 85% RH			
Power Requirements				
Standard	4xAA cells or 6 V DC / 60 mA mains adaptor** or regulated 9 V DC / 40 mA mains adaptor**			
Options	Power leads			
Length of input leads	45 cm			
Length of BNC lead	95 cm			
Weight	400 g (including probe and PVC jacket)			
Dimension (LxWxH)	170 mm x 63 mm x 21 mm			

^{*} Voltage limit is the lesser of the DC+Peak AC and RMS values.

a. The supplied voltage must be less than 12 V and greater than 4.4 V, otherwise the probe could be damaged or might not operate properly.

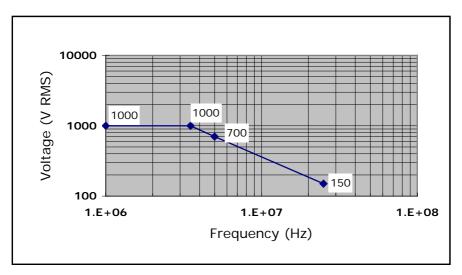
b. Polarity is "+" inside and "-" outside. If the polarity is wrong, a built-in circuit protects the probe so that no danger or damage will occur.

c. When the voltage of the cells becomes too low, the power indicator on the panel will change colour and then switch off.



8. Derating curve

The derating curve for absolute maximum input voltage in common mode is as follows:



9. Test procedure

- Connect the BNC output connector to the vertical input of a general-purpose oscilloscope.
- b. To install four AA cells or connect an appropriate mains adaptor or power lead to the correct line voltage.
- c. Set the oscilloscope input coupling to DC and 1 V/div. Center the trace on the display.
- d. Connect the inputs of the probe to power lines.
- e. Set the range of the probe to 1/100 or 1/200.
- f. A 50 Hz / 60 Hz sine-wave of 1 V amplitude will be displayed on the screen of the oscilloscope. This means the probe is working properly.

10. Cleaning

Use a soft cloth to clean the probe, taking care not to cause damage.

- a. Do not immerse the probe.
- b. Do not use abrasive cleaners.
- c. Do not use chemicals contains benzene or similar solvents.



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