

# AD2801

800 MHz ±15 V active differential probe

User's guide



# **Contents**

1.	Description	. 1
2.	Safety	1
3.	Pack contents	. 4
4.	Appearance	. 4
5.	Installation	. 4
6.	Zero probe offset	. 5
7.	Power unit	5
8.	Overrange indicator	5
9.	Specifications	6
10.	Derating curve	7
11.	Test procedure	7



## 1. Description

This high-bandwidth, low-voltage differential probe is designed for low-noise, high-speed applications such as wireless and data communications, digital circuits, timing analysis, disk drive design, power measurement, differential transmitter and receiver design, and troubleshooting ground bounce problems.

# 2. Safety

To prevent possible electrical shock, fire, personal injury, or damage to the product, carefully read this safety information before attempting to install or use the product. In addition, follow all generally accepted safety practices and procedures for working with and around electricity.

The product has been designed and tested in accordance with the European standard publication EN 61010-031:2015 (Hand-held probe assemblies) and left the factory in a safe condition.

The following safety descriptions are found throughout this guide:

A WARNING identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or death.

A **CAUTION** identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the product or equipment to which it is connected.

## **Symbols**

These safety and electrical symbols may appear on the product or in this guide.

Symbol	Description	
<u></u>	Earth (ground) terminal	The terminal can be used to make a measurement ground connection. The terminal is NOT a safety or protective earth.
A	Possibility of electric shock	
Ŵ	Caution.	Appearance on the product indicates a need to read these safety and operation instructions.
Z	Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste	



#### WARNING

To prevent injury or death use the product only as instructed and use only accessories that have been supplied or recommended. Protection provided by the product may be impaired if used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer.

## Maximum input/output ranges

Observe all terminal ratings and warnings marked on the product.

The table below and/or markings on the product indicate the full-scale measurement range, common mode range and overvoltage protection range. The full-scale measurement ranges are the maximum voltages that can be accurately measured by the instrument. The common-mode voltage is the maximum that can be applied to both differential inputs with respect to the power connector ground to achieve a valid measurement and the overvoltage protection ranges are the maximum voltages that will not damage the instrument.



#### WARNING

To prevent electric shock, do not attempt to measure voltages outside of the specified full-scale measurement range or with an applied common-mode voltage that is outside specification and do not attempt to connect voltages outside the overvoltage protection range.

Full-scale measurement range	Common-mode voltage range	Overvoltage protection (DC + AC peak)
±15 V (DC + AC peak)	±30 V (DC + AC peak)	±40 V (DC + AC peak)



#### WARNING

Signals exceeding the voltage limits in the table below are defined as "hazardous live" by EN 61010. To prevent electric shock, take all necessary precautions when working on equipment where hazardous live voltages may be present.

Signal voltage limits of EN 61010-031		
±60 V DC	30 V AC RMS	±42.4 V pk max.

To prevent electric shock, take all necessary safety precautions when working on equipment where hazardous live voltages may be present.



#### WARNING

To prevent injury or death, do not connect the probe directly to the mains (line power).



#### WARNING

To prevent injury or death, do not use the product or an accessory if it appears to be damaged in any way, and stop use immediately if you are concerned by any abnormal operations.



#### **CAUTION**

Exceeding the overvoltage protection range on any cable, connector or accessory can cause permanent damage to the probe and other connected equipment.

## Grounding



# WARNING

The probe's ground connection through the BNC cable is for measurement purposes only. The probe does not have a protective safety ground.

#### WARNING

To prevent electric shock, do not connect the probe's ground to a voltage source. Connect only to a known ground. If you are unsure about the safety of a ground point, check it with a multimeter before connecting the AD2801 probe's ground to it.

### **External connections**

The AD2201 requires power from a USB port or USB power supply through the TA531 USB to DC jack cable supplied.



#### CAUTION

Take care to avoid mechanical stress or tight bend radii for all connected leads. Mishandling will cause deformation of sidewalls, and will degrade performance and measurement accuracy.

#### Environment



#### WARNING

To prevent injury or death, do not use in wet or damp conditions, or near explosive gas or vapor.



## vapor. CAUTION

To prevent damage, always use and store your probe in appropriate environments as shown below

	Storage	Operating
Temperature	−30 to +70 °C	−10 to +40 °C
Humidity	Up to to 85 %RH	
Altitude	ltitude 2000 m	
Pollution Degree 2		ree 2

# Care of the product

The product contains no user-serviceable parts. Repair, servicing and calibration require specialized test equipment and must only be performed by Pico Technology or an approved service provider. There may be a charge for these services unless covered by the Pico warranty.

Inspect the probe and all connectors, cables and accessories before use for signs of damage.



#### WARNING

To prevent electric shock, do not tamper with or disassemble the probe, case parts, connectors or accessories.

#### WARNING

When cleaning the product, use a soft cloth and a solution of mild soap or detergent in water. To prevent electric shock, do not allow liquids to enter the casing, as this will compromise the electronics or insulation inside. Ensure that the probe is thoroughly dry after cleaning.

#### WARNING

To prevent injury or death, do not operate this probe with the covers removed.



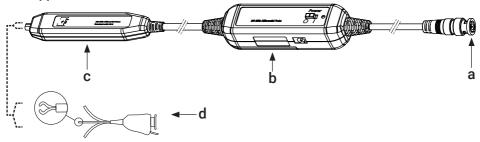
#### CALITION

To prevent damage to the probe and other connected equipment, do not immerse the probe in any liquid.

#### 3. Pack contents

Description	Quantity
AD2801 probe body, power unit and BNC assembly	1
Test wires, red and black, 0.8 mm x 70 mm	1 pair
Test wires, red and black, 0.8 mm x 130 mm	1 pair
Large grabbers, 5 mm wide, red and black	1 pair
Small grabbers, 2.5 mm wide, red and black	1 pair
Test tip, 0.8 mm	6
2-pin prods, assorted lengths	3
9 V battery	1
TA531 USB to DC jack cable	1

## 4. Appearance



- a. Output cable. The BNC output connector is for connection to the oscilloscope.
- b. Power unit. This can be connected to the following sources:
  - Internal 9 V battery
  - · TA531 USB to DC jack cable
- c. Probe body
- d. Test leads and grabbers (example shown). For convenient connection to the circuit under test.

#### 5. Installation

Follow these instructions to install and start using your differential probe.

- 1. Plug the BNC output connector into the vertical input of a general-purpose oscilloscope or other measurement instrument. The measurement instrument must have 50  $\Omega$  input impedance or be fitted with an external 50  $\Omega$  feedthrough terminator.
- 2. Connect the probe to an appropriate power source:
  - · Internal 9 V battery
  - TA531 USB to DC jack cable
- 3. Turn the probe on.
- 4. Using the appropriate probe accessories, connect the input to the circuit under test.



#### WARNING

To protect against electric shock, use only the accessories designed for use with this differential probe.

#### WARNING

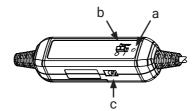
To avoid injury or death, observe all safety precautions appropriate to the circuit under test.

## 6. Zero probe offset

The AD2201 probe can be adjusted for zeroing out the probe's offset voltage using a trimmer tool supplied with the probe. Follow this procedure to perform the offset-zero calibration:

- 1. After turning on the power to the oscilloscope and probe, leave them on for >30 minutes to stabilize. You may use the USB power cord or batteries to power the probe.
- 2. Connect the probe to channel A of your oscilloscope.
- 3. Short the + and probe inputs together with the hook tips.
- Select Auto range in the oscilloscope software.
- 5. Then set units to Volt and the probe attenuation to 10:1.
- 6. Set the ocsilloscope to DC coupled mode.
- 7. Position the ground of the waveform to the centre of the screen and set the vertical scale to 10 mV/div or 20 mV/div.
- 8. Set the oscilloscope to Averaging mode (x8 or higher) or High resolution mode to reduce scope noise.
- 9. Using the trimmer tool supplied with the probe, adjust the probe offset voltage to 0 V.

#### 7. Power unit



- a. LED indicator (green for normal operation: turns red when the voltage is too low)
- b. On/off switch
- c. Power jack for the TA531 USB to DC jack cable

# 8. Overrange indicator

The overrange indicator lights up red if the voltage of the input signal exceeds the linear operating range of the probe. When this happens, the signal on the probe output may not accurately represent the signal on the probe input.

# 9. Specifications

Bandwidth (-3 dB)	DC to 800 MHz
Attenuation ratio	10:1
DC accuracy (gain error)	±2%
Rise time	220 ps
Input impedance	100 kΩ $\parallel$ 2 pF each side to ground
Input voltages	
Differential range	±15 V (DC + AC peak)
Common mode range	±30 V (DC + AC peak)
Absolute maximum voltage (either input to ground)	±40 V (DC + AC peak)
Output	
Swing	±1.5 V into 50 Ω load
Offset (typical)	< ±5 mV
Noise (typical)	
Source impedance (typical)	$50 \Omega$ (for use with $50 \Omega$ oscilloscope input)
CMRR (typical)	60 dB at 60 Hz 15 dB at 500 MHz
Temperature	-10 to +40 °C (operating) -30 to +70 °C (storage)
Humidity	Up to 85 %RH (operating and storage)
Power requirements	
Battery *	9 V (PP3, 6LR61)
TA531 USB to DC jack cable *	5 V DC
Overall length	1300 mm
Weight	150 g
Dimensions	Probe body: 112 x 22 x 15 mm Power unit: 111 x 32 x 32 mm

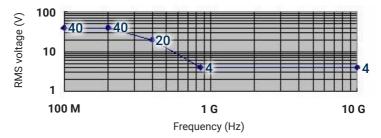
a. The supplied voltage must be between 3.3 V and 16 V. Voltages outside of this range may damage the probe or affect performance.

b. Polarity is "+" inside and "-" outside. The device is reverse-polarity protected.

- c. When the voltage of the cells becomes too low, the power indicator on the panel will change color and switch off.

# 10. Derating curve

The derating curve for absolute maximum input voltage is shown below.



# 11. Test procedure

- 1. Connect the BNC output connector to the vertical input of a general-purpose oscilloscope. The oscilloscope input must have 50  $\Omega$  impedance or be fitted with an external 50  $\Omega$  feedthrough terminator.
- 2. Connect the probe to an appropriate power source.
- 3. Turn on the probe using the power switch.
- 4. Set the oscilloscope input to DC coupling and 0.5 V/div. Center the trace on the display.
- 5. Connect the inputs of the probe to a sine-wave signal source of 100 kHz and 10 V p-p.
- A 100 kHz sine wave with 1 V amplitude will be displayed on the screen of the oscilloscope.
   This demonstrates that the probe is working properly.

### UK global headquarters:

Pico Technology James House Colmworth Business Park St. Neots Cambridgeshire PE19 8YP United Kingdom

onited Kingdom

+44 (0) 1480 396 395 sales@picotech.com

#### North America regional office:

Pico Technology 320 N Glenwood Blvd Tyler TX 75702 United States

★1 800 591 2796★ sales@picotech.com

## Asia-Pacific regional office:

Pico Technology Room 2252, 22/F, Centro 568 Hengfeng Road Zhabei District Shanghai 200070 PR China

+86 21 2226-5152

pico.asia-pacific@picotech.com

## Germany regional office and EU Authorized Representative:

Pico Technology GmbH Im Rehwinkel 6 30827 Garbsen Germany

**2** +49 (0) 5131 907 62 90 info.de@picotech.com

# www.picotech.com

